Anchem Sales

120 Stronach Cres., London, ON, N5V 3A1 Canada



PRODUCT NAME: Ancool 100

GEN-AN1000

SECTION 01: PRODUCT INFORMATION AND COMPANY INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER: Same as above PREPARED BY: Production Department

 VERSION DATE:
 22-Oct-08

 TELEPHONE NO.:
 (519) 451-1614

 EMERGENCY PHONE NO.:
 (613) 996-6666

CHEMICAL FAMILY Alcohols/Esters/Alkaloi CHEMICAL FORMULA Not Available

MOLECULAR WEIGHT Not Available MATERIAL USE: Heat transfer fluid for ground source heating systems.

SYNONYMS: Denatured Ethyl Alcohol.

SECTION 02: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Ingredients	Conc. Approx. %	C.A.S. #	LD/50 (RTE/SPEC)	LC/50 (RTE/SPEC)	TLV
Ethyl Alcohol	94.7-98.7	64-17-5	7000 (Rabbit/Oral)	31823 (Rat/Dermal)	1000
Pine Oil	.025	N.Av.	N.Av.	N.Av.	N.Av.
FD&C Blue Dye or Methylene Blue	.05g/100L	N.Av.	N.Av.	N.Av.	N.Av.
Alkyl Dimethylbenzyl Ammonium Chloride	>0.025	N.Av.	N.Av.	N.Av.	N.Av.
Water	Balance	N.Av.	N.Av.	N.Av.	N.Av.
Denatonium Benzoate 003734336	700mg/10 0L	N.Av.	N.Av.	N.Av.	N.Av.

SECTION 03: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

ROUTE OF ENTRY

Eyes: Severe eye irritant. Vapours can irritate eyes. Eye damage from contact with liquid is reversible and proper

treatment will result in healing within a few days. Damage is usually mild to moderate conjuctivits, mainly as

redness of the conjuctivits.

Skin: No adverse effects with normal skin. However, potentially harmful amounts of material may be absorbed

across markedly abraded skin when contact is sustained, praticularly in children.

Inhalation: High vapour concentrations may cause a burning sensation in the throat and nose, stinging and watering in the

eyes. At concentrations which cause irritation, dizziness, faintness, drowsiness, nausea and vomiting may also occur.

Ingestion: Toxic.

SECTION 04: FIRSTAID

Skin Contact: Flush skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physcian.

Inhalation, Acute Remove person to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. Call a physician.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness or is unconscious or

convulsing. Do NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink about 250 ml (8 oz) of water to dilute

material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of

aspiration. Seek medical attention immediately.

Notes to physician: Symptoms of ethanol intoxication vary with the alcohol level of the blood. Mild alcohol intoxicatino occurs at blood levels

between 0.05%-0.15% and approximately 25% of individuals will show signs of intoxication at these levels. Above 0.15% the person is delicately under the influence of ethanol and 50-95% of individuals at this level are clinically intoxicated. Severe poisining occurs when the blood ethanol level is 0.3%-0.5%. Above 0.5% the individual will be comatose and death can occur. The unabsorbed ethanol should be removed by gastric lavage aria intubating the patient to prevent

aspiration. Avoid the use of depressant drugs or the excessive administration of fluids.

SECTION 05: FIRE EXPLOSION HAZARD AND FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE?

IF YES, UNDER WHICH CONDITIONS?

FLASH POINT (TCC) (C): 16

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL(% BY VOL.): 19 UEL(% BY VOL.): 3.3

AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE (C) 422

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Apply alcohol-type or all-purpose-type foams by manufacture's

recommended techniques for large fires. Use carbon dioxide or dry chemical media for small fires. Water is generally unsuitable and it may

help to spread the fire.

SPECIAL PROCEDURES: Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers and

structures. Use water spray to disperse vapours; reignition is possible. Use self-contained breathing

apparatus and protective clothing.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Not Available

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS Vapours form from this product and may travel or be moved by air

currents and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharges or other ignition sources at

locations distant from handling point.

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE Not Available SENSITIVITY TO MECHANICAL IMPACT: Not Available

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak and Spill Procedure: Contain spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation and protective equipment. Remove

sources of heat, sparks or flames. Spill should be collected in suitable containers or

absorbed on a suitable absorbent material for subsequent disposal.

SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Procedures and Storage Requirements

Use only non sparking bung wrenches and tools. Keep in a cool dtry place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat sparks and flame.

SECTION 08: PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT / EXPOSURE CONTROLS

GLOVES/TYPE: Impervious chemical resistant gloves.

RESPIRATOR/TYPE: A NIOSH/MSHA respirator with organic vapor cartridge.

EYE/TYPE: Safety glasses.

OTHER/TYPE: Eye bath, safety shower.

ENGINEERING CONTROL Not Available

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIE

PHYSICAL STATE/APPEARANCE: Liquid (Blue)

ODOUR:Lower AlcoholODOUR THRESHOLD:0.1-5100VAPOUR PRESSURE (mm Hg @ 20C):5.7VAPOUR DENSITY (Air=1):1.59EVAPORATION RATE (Ether = 1):1.7SPECIFIC GRAVITY:0.811

 BOILING POINT (C):
 78.5
 FREEZING POINT (C):
 -114.1

 Ph (% SOLUTION):
 N. App.
 % VOLATILE (WT):
 93.7

SOLUBILITY IN WATER (% W/W) 100%

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICALLY STABLE? Yes

IF NO, UNDER WHICH CONDITIONS?: Avoid sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER SUBTANCES Yes **IF YES, WITH WHICH ONES:** Oxidizing materials

SPECIAL REACTIVITY AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS None currently known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Burning can produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EXPOSURE LIMIT OF MATERIAL 1000ppm (TLV)

LC 50 OF MATERIAL, SPECIES AND ROUTE 31 823 ppm (Rat-4hrs)
LD 50 OF MATERIAL, SPECIES AND ROUTE 7000 mg/kg (Rabbit/Oral)

CARCINOGENICITY OF MATERIAL

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS:

N. Av.

IRRITANCY OF MATERIAL

N. Av.

SENSITIZING CAPABILITY OF MATERIAL

N. Av.

SYNERGISTIC MATERIALS

N. Av.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

AQUATIC TOXICITY: N. Av.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL: Waste material should be disposed of in an approved incinerator or in a designated landfill site, inc

ompliance with all federal, provincial and local governemtn regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG CLASSIFICATION Class 3, ALCOHOL N.O.S. (Ethyl Alcohol)

UN NUMBER: 1987

PACKING GROUP: II

Special Provisions for Transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION B-2, D-2B

Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8C. Material causing other toxic effects

(TOXIC).

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

ABBREVIATIONS USED: N.Av. = Not Available

N.App. / N.Ap. = Not Applicable

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expressed or implied, is made regarding the information or the performance of any product. We

assume no liability for incidental or direct damages of any kind, no matter what, including

negligence.

SOURCES: Supplier MSDS

For updated copies of an MSDS, please contact Anchem Sales at the address/phone number on Page 1 or fax the MSDS Co-ordinator at (519) 451-4593.

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